INFORMATION SHEET



T 6000 EN System 6000

Electropneumatic Converters (Proportional Valves) Electronic Process Controllers Signal Converters



Electropneumatic converters

i/p converters						
Туре		6111		6116	6126	
Housing style		Rail-mounting unit	Field unit	Field unit ⁵⁾	Field unit	
Explosior	n protection	Ex ia ATEX, Ex nA ATEX	Ex ia ATEX, Ex nA ATEX	Ex ia, Ex d, ATEX, FM, CSA, IECEx ¹⁾	_	
Degree o	f protection	IP 20	IP 65	IP 54, IP 65, NEMA 4	IP 54, IP 65	
Fieldbus			AS-Int	erface 4)		
	0 to 20 mA	•	•	•	•	
1	4 to 20 mA	•	•	•	•	
Input	0 to 10 V	• 3)	• 3)	• 3)	٠	
	2 to 10 V	• 3)	• 3)	• 3)	٠	
<u></u>	0.2 to 1 bar	•	•	•	•	
Output	0.4 to 2 bar	•	•	•	•	
Special	Up to 5 bar				•	
ranges	Up to 8 bar	•	•	• 2)		
Supply ai	ir	0.4 bar above t	Max. 5.4 bar			
Electrical connection		Phoenix terminal or angle connector DIN EN 175301-803 A	M20x1.5	M20x1.5 ½-14 NPT	Male angle connector DIN EN 175301-803 A	
Pneumatic connection		Connection for hose with 4 mm inside diameter and 6 mm outside diameter, G 1/8, 1/8 NPT	1/4 -18 NPT	1/4 NPT; G 1/4	1/4 NPT; G 1/4	
See data sheet for further details		► T 6111	► T 6111	► T 6116	► T 6126	

1)

2) 3)

See data sheet for further information Ex d devices, max. 5.6 bar output (6 bar supply air) With Type 6151 u/i Module With Type 6150 AS-Interface Module Special version for operation using natural gas on request 4) 5)

Electropneumatic converters

p/i converters				
Туре		6132	6134	
Housing style		Rail-mounting unit	Rail-mounting unit	Field unit
Explosion protec	ction	-	_	Ex ia, Ex d
p/i converter ur	iit	1	1 or 2	1
Degree of prote	ction	IP 20	IP 20	IP 54, IP 65
Input	0.2 to 1 bar 3 to 15 psi	•	•	•
	0 to 20 mA	•		
	4 to 20 mA	•	•	•
O + +	0 to 5 V	•		
Output	1 to 5 V	•		
	0 to 10 V	•		
	2 to 10 V	•		
Supply voltage		230 V AC, 115 V AC, 24 V AC, 24 V DC	24 V DC	
		Four-wire	Two-wire	
Electrical conne	ction	Terminals for 0.5	to 2.5 mm ² wires M20x1.5, ½ NPT, terr for 0.5 to 2.5 mm ² w	
Pneumatic conn	ection		Connection for hose with 4 mm inside diameter and 6 mm outside diameter	
See data sheet for further details		► T 6132	► T 6134	
		Manual Manua Manual Manual Manu Manual Manual Manu Manual Manual Manu		

Application



Converter modules

Type Designation		6150	6151 u/i module	
		ASI module		
	AS-Interface	•		
Input	0 to 10 V		•	
	2 to 10 V		•	
0.1.1	0 to 20 mA		•	
Output	4 to 20 mA	•	•	
Supply voltage		Over ASi line	16 to 30 V DC	
		Angle connector acc. to DIN EN 17530	1-803 A, M 20 x 1.5 (adapter connector)	
Electrical connection		$+ \frac{1}{2} \underbrace{ \frac{1}{2}i}_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{4 \text{ to } 20 \text{ mA}} $	Supply voltage $U_{s}^{24 \vee DC}$ $+$ 1 2 i 2 i i 2 i	
	Positioner	3725, 3730, 3760, 3761, 3767, 4763		
Compatibility with SAMSON devices	Series V2001	3321-IP, 3323-IP, 3531-IP, 3535-IP		
	i/p converter	6111, 6116, 6126		
Max. load at the output		300 Ω	$R_{B}(k\Omega) = \frac{U_{S} - 10 \text{ V}}{20 \text{ mA}}$	
		N T (150	Example: supply voltage $U_S = 24 \text{ V}$, $R_B = 0.7 \text{ k}\Omega$	
See data sheet for further details		► T 6150	► T 6151	

Application



Electronic process controllers

TROVIS controllers			6493	6495-2
	Panel-mounting unit		•	•
	Front W x H (mm)		48x96	96x96
Structure	Degree of protection (fro	nt)	IP 65	IP 65
	Display		LCD	Graphics
	Keys		6	9
	Control circuits		1	2
	P, PI, PD, PID control		•	•
	Fixed set point and follow	v-up control	•	•
Functions	Ratio control			•
	Cascade control			•
	Override control			•
	Linking of input variables	3	•	•
	Analog inputs		2	4
	4 to 20 mA, 0 to 20 mA		•	•
	0 to 10 V, 2 to 10 V		•	•
	Pt 100 resistance thermo	meter	•	•
Input	Pt 1000 resistance therm	ometer	•	•
	Resistance transmitter		•	•
	Transmitter supply		•	•
	Binary inputs		1	4
	Analog outputs		1	3
	4 to 20 mA, 0 to 20 mA		•	•
	0 to 10 V, 2 to 10 V		•	•
Output	Relay		2	4
	Transistor outputs		1	3
	On/off, three-step		1	2
	Limit		2	4
		Infrared	•	•
		USB		• 1)
c · .·	Interface	RS-232		• 1)
Communication		RS-485		• 1)
		SSP (TROVIS-VIEW)	• 1)	• 1)
	Protocol	Modbus RTU		• 1)
	85 to 264 V AC, 50/60	Hz		•
Supply voltage	90 to 250 V AC, 50/60	Hz	•	
24 V AC/DC, 50/60 Hz			•	•
See data sheet for fur	ther details		► T 6493	► T 6495-2

¹⁾ Optional

Controlling a positioning cylinder in the paper and printing industry

The electric signal (i) of a controller received from the PLC is converted into a pneumatic signal (p) by the i/p converter. The pressure signal is used to position a cylinder which, in turn, moves a roller that keeps the paper under a certain tension.



Valve control

Valves with small pneumatic actuators can be controlled directly by an i/p converter. The i/p converter receives the electric signal of a controller received from the PLC.

The i/p converter can also control a pneumatic positioner.

Field or industrial units can be mounted directly to a valve (attachment to rod-type yoke or according to NAMUR).



Pressure control

The p/i converter measures the pressure in the pipeline and converts it into an electric signal. The positioner uses the electric signal to calculate the control signal to open or close the pneumatic control valve.



Filling of liquids in the beverage industry and breweries

An electric signal is converted into a pneumatic signal by the i/p converter. The pneumatic signal is used to position the cylinders which insert filling tubes into bottles, depending on the liquid level, to fill them with beverages or detergents.



Booster control

Boosters are used to amplify the flow rate of compressed air. In place of a handwheel, they can also be controlled by an i/p converter, which receives an electric signal of a controller from the PLC.



Applying adhesive or glue

Glue or adhesive is to be applied on different bases.

Depending on the speed of the conveyor belt, varying quantities must be applied. The i/p converter receives an electric signal, which changes with the belt speed and converts it into a pressure signal. The pressure causes the ball of a dispenser to adapt the outlet to the required amount of glue or adhesive. This ensures uniform application.



Flow temperature control of a heat exchanger

The TROVIS 6493 or TROVIS 6495-2 Controller logs the flow temperature T in the secondary circuit and positions the valve in the primary circuit to regulate the flow temperature.



Flow temperature control of a heat exchanger based on the outdoor temperature

The TROVIS 6493 or TROVIS 6495-2 Controller logs the flow temperature T₁ in the secondary circuit and positions the valve in the primary circuit to regulate the flow temperature. The set point for the flow temperature is determined according to a characteristic based on the outdoor temperature T₂.



Pressure control

The TROVIS 6493 or TROVIS 6495-2 Controller logs the pressure downstream of the valve received from a pressure transmitter and positions the valve accordingly to regulate the pressure.



Control of the mixing ratio of two liquids

The TROVIS 6495-2 Industrial Controller logs the flow rates F_1 and F_2 from two flow transmitters. It positions the control valve for the medium to be added to achieve the required mixing ratio F_1/F_2 (ratio control).



Control of the mixing ratio of two liquids and control of the main flow rate

The TROVIS 6495-2 Industrial Controller logs the flow rates F_1 and F_2 from two flow transmitters. The internal controller [1] positions the control valve for the medium to be added to achieve the required mixing ratio F_1/F_2 (ratio control). The internal controller [2] positions the control valve for the other medium to achieve the flow rate F_2 .



Temperature cascade control

The TROVIS 6495-2 Industrial Controller regulates the product temperature in a vessel and limits the flow temperature of the heat exchanger with the cascade control mode. The temperature in the vessel is generated by steam, which is produced by a heat exchanger and a fluid circulation system. The master controller [2] receives the product temperature T_2 in the vessel and provides its output variable as the set point for the slave controller [1]. The slave controller [1] logs the flow temperature T_1 of the heat exchanger and positions the control valve to regulate the flow temperature and the product temperature. To prevent the product from overheating, the set point for flow temperature is limited to a maximum temperature. Additionally, the pressure and temperature fluctuations in the steam network can be eliminated faster by the slave controller before they cause a noticeable temperature change in the boiler due to the shorter delays in the heat exchanger circuit. This improves the control accuracy. The steam heat exchanger can alternatively be controlled using a steam pressure control in the condensate circuit. In this case, the control valve is installed in the condensate pipe instead of the steam pipe.



Flow rate control with pressure limitation

The TROVIS 6495-2 Industrial Controller controls the flow rate with the override control mode to ensure that the pressure does not exceed a certain limit. In this case, control signals of two internal controllers influence the control valve by selection of a minimum value. The main controller [1] regulates the flow rate F and the override controller [2] limits the pressure P to a maximum pressure. The controller with the smallest output value is used to position the valve. If the controller [1] is actively positioning the control valve, the control signal of controller [2] is greater than that of controller [1] by the adjustable limiting band at the maximum. This limitation causes controller [2] to take over control more quickly when the pressure exceeds a certain limit.

Flow temperature control with return flow temperature limitation

The TROVIS 6495-2 Industrial Controller controls the flow temperature of the heat exchanger in the secondary circuit with the override control mode to ensure that the return flow temperature in the primary circuit does not exceed a certain limit. In this case, control signals of two internal controllers influence the control valve by selection of a minimum value. The main controller [1] regulates the flow temperature T_1 and the override controller [2] limits the return flow temperature T_2 to a maximum temperature. The controller with the smallest output value is used to position the valve. If the controller [1] is actively positioning the control valve, the control signal of controller [2] is greater than that of controller [1] by the adjustable limiting band at the maximum. This limitation causes controller [2] to take over control more quickly when the return flow temperature T_2 exceeds a certain limit.

Temperature control with two control valves for heating and cooling (split-range control)

The TROVIS 6495-2 Industrial Controller logs the coolant temperature T of a machine and positions one control valve for heating and one control valve for cooling over two analog outputs to regulate the coolant temperature. In split-range operation, the working range is assigned to two analog outputs to allow the cooling valve to close first and then the heating valve to open as the control signal rises.







Explosion protection

Some of the SAMSON electropneumatic converters are suitable for use in hazardous areas as they are frequently used in the chemical and petrochemical industry. Important factors of the explosion protection relevant for such applications are listed in the following. For details, please refer to the standards mentioned.

Zone classification

Hazardous areas are grouped into zones to indicate the risk of explosion. Each zone prescribes particular measures which ensure explosion protection.

	1		
Zone	Identifier	Example	
0	Dangerous, potentially explosive atmospheres occur perma- nently or for a long time .	Inside of reaction tanks containing flammable gases	
1	Dangerous, potentially explosive atmospheres occur occasion- ally.	In the proximity of Zone 0, immediate area around packing that are not sufficiently sealed.	
2	Dangerous, potentially explosive atmospheres occur rarely or for a short time (less than two hours).	Areas surrounding the Zones 0 and 1	

Type of protection

The type of protection describes the measures to be taken to prevent electrical appliances from igniting explosive atmospheres.

Type of protection	Basic principle	Standard or regulation
d Flameproof enclosure	Parts which can ignite an explosive atmosphere are placed in an enclosure which can withstand the pressure caused by an explosion inside the enclosure and prevents the transmission of the explosion to the surrounding explosive atmosphere. Flameproof enclosures are suitable for Zones 0, 1 and 2.	DIN EN 60079-1
i Intrinsic safety	An electrical device is intrinsically safe when all circuits are in- trinsically safe. A circuit is intrinsically safe when it does not produce sparks or thermal effects whose energy suffices to ignite an explosive atmosphere.	IEC 60079-11 VDE 0170/0171, Part 7
Category ia	Devices of this category are suitable for Zones 0, 1 and 2. Zone 0 must be certified separately.	
Category ib	Devices of this category are suitable for Zones 1 and 2.	

Temperature classes

The temperature classes group electrical appliances according to their max. permissible surface temperature. It must be smaller than the ignition temperature of the explosive material.

Temperature class	Maximum permissible surface temperature of the appliance	Ignition temperature of the flammable material
TI	450 °C	>450 °C
T2	300 °C	> 300 °C ≤ 450 °C
Т3	200 °C	> 200 °C ≤ 300 °C
T4	135 °C	> 135 °C ≤ 200 °C
T5	100 °C	> 100 °C ≤ 135 °C
T6	85 °C	> 85 °C ≤ 100 °C



Degrees of protection (IP rating)

The IP code characterizes an electrical appliance's protection against accidental contact and foreign particles as well as its protection against water. The code consists of two code numbers whose meanings are listed in the table below.

Safety barriers according to IEC 60079-0

Safety barriers are passive networks which separate intrinsically safe and non-intrinsically safe circuits without isolating them electrically. The output circuits of the safety barriers meet the requirements of the intrinsic safety "ia" and "ib".

Safety barriers are always installed outside the hazardous area.

IP code	IP	6	5
First code number (0 to 6) Protection against contact and foreign particles			
Second code number (0 to 8) Protection against water			

Code number	First code	Second code number	
	Protection against contact	Protection against foreign particles	Protection against water
0	No protection	No protection	No protection
1	Protection against contact with the back of the hand	Protection against penetration of foreign particles larger than 50 mm	Protection against water drops
2	Protection against contact with fingers	Protection against penetration of foreign particles larger than 12.5 mm	Protection against water drops when the device is tilted by up to 15° from the ver- tical position
3	Protection against contact with tools	Protection against penetration of foreign particles larger than 2.5 mm	Protection against spray water hitting the device, at an angle of 60° from the vertical position
4	Protection against contact with a wire	Protection against penetration of foreign particles larger than 1.0 mm	Protection against spray water from all directions
5	Protection against contact with a wire	Protection against dust deposits which could impair the functioning of the de- vice	Protection against a water jet from all di- rections
6	Protection against contact with a wire	Dust-tight	Protection against a strong water jet from all directions
7	-	-	Protection against water when immersed under standardized time and pressure conditions
8	_	_	Protection against water when perma- nently immersed under conditions which are agreed upon by the manufacturer and customer.

Disposal



SAMSON is a producer registered at the following European institution ▶ https://www.ewrn.org/nationalregisters/national-registers. WEEE reg. no.: DE 62194439/FR 025665

- → Observe local, national and international refuse regulations.
- → Do not dispose of components, lubricants and hazardous substances together with your other household waste.

i Note

We can provide you with a recycling passport according to PAS 1049 on request. Simply e-mail us at aftersalesservice@samsongroup.com giving details of your company address.

-☆- Tip

On request, we can appoint a service provider to dismantle and recycle the product as part of a distributor take-back scheme.